

## Madagascar Medical Report – 2025

Category	Description	N Cases	Nature of illness/injury	Treatment and action taken	Cases/1000 person days
1	Death	0	N/A	N/A	0.00
2	Emergency evacuation with subsequent repatriation for medical attention	0	N/A	N/A	0.00
3	Non-Emergency evacuations	0	N/A	N/A	0.00
4	Hospital Treatment required in the local area	3	Cat bite and/or dog scratch	Began course of post-exposure rabies vaccinations at hospital in Nosy Be.	0.72
5	Treatment on site- serious illness/injury	0	N/A	N/A	0.00
6	Treatment on site- moderate serious illness/injury	28	Serious cases of D&V, more serious allergic reactions/rashes, cuts/abrasions with greater risk of infection/deeper or more extensive abrasions, more serious side effects from anti-malaria medication, serious cases of dehydration and/or heat exhaustion, more severe chest/abdominal pain.	<p>Patients with more serious cases of D&amp;V were treated by on-site medic. Electrolytes, paracetamol administered and where necessary a course of antibiotics given.</p> <p>Any serious allergic reactions/rashes treated with antihistamines (oral or topical) and monitored for changes.</p> <p>Any more serious cuts/abrasions were cleaned and dressed and antibiotics administered if necessary.</p> <p>For more serious side effects from anti-malaria medication, an alternative prophylaxis was recommended and administered.</p> <p>Any cases of dehydration and/or heat exhaustion were treated with fluids and electrolytes, patients were closely monitored for changes.</p>	6.72
7	Treatment on site - minor illness/injury	201	Minor cuts and abrasions, minor gastrointestinal problems, muscular pain, common cold, nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting, insect bites/stings, blisters, constipation, splinters, joint pain, sore throat/cough, mild fever, travel sickness, nosebleeds, headaches, abdominal cramps, minor rashes, dental concerns, asthma attack, ear pain/infection, seasickness, blocked sinuses/congestion, sunburn, perforated eardrum	<p>The majority of cases reported were minor gastrointestinal issues and cases of nausea, diarrhoea and vomiting. These were often treated with electrolytes, paracetamol, and plenty of fluids/rest was advised. Often resolved within 48 hours.</p> <p>Bites, stings and rashes were treated with antihistamines (oral or topical) and cleaned where appropriate.</p> <p>Minor cuts, abrasions, blisters, splinters were all cleaned and dressed where appropriate. Reviewed for signs of infection where appropriate.</p> <p>Ear pain/infections treated with ear drops and congestion with decongestants and, where necessary, patients were kept out of the water and advised not to dive.</p> <p>For perforated eardrum confirmed with examination. No diving/swimming advised. Regular analgesia given and advised to return if signs of infection. GP referral.</p> <p>For sprained ankles/joint pain general RICE recommended. Analgesia offered and reassessment in UK recommended if pain persists.</p>	48.26

This medical report is to reflect the expedition season from June to August 2025 across our two terrestrial camps and one marine camp. Staff and students on-site for a total of 4165 person days.